Appln. No. 09/664,273 Amdt. Dated November 23, 2005 Reply to Office Action of August 25, 2005

Amendments to the Drawings

The attached sheets include changes to Figs. 1–3 and replaces the original sheets with Figs.1–3.

Figures 1-3 have been amended to add descriptive legends.

Attachment: (3) Replacement sheets

Applicant would like to thank the Examiner for the careful consideration given the

present application. The application has been carefully reviewed in light of the Office Action,

and the following remarks are presented for the Examiner's consideration.

The drawings have been objected to for failing to show the described labels on the

drawings. Figs. 1–3 have been amended to add descriptive labels.

Claim 1 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph for lack of support for

"independent of the signal transmitted through the information channel, and implementing

adjustments in the receiver according to the configuration parameters to enable demodulation of

the signal transmitted through the information channel." For the reasons set forth below,

Applicant respectfully submits that these limitations are adequately supported in the

specification.

As set forth in the abstract: "In the invention, configuration parameters are transmitted

through a control channel (110...113) to the receiver (1), said transmission through said control

channel (110...113) being independent of any transmission implemented through the information

channel (120)." The specification further explains on page 4 at lines 4–11:

Switching, i.e. tuning to a specific carrier frequency and hence to a given audio

signal, is not initiated in the receiver 1 per se in the present invention, but instead

and in preferred manner by using one of control channels 110, 112, 113. In the

preferred embodiment of the transmission system of the invention, the

information channel 120 used by the audio signal in no way shall transmit any

other data. On one hand this feature allows switching from one audio signal to

another without requiring manual adjustments in the receiver 1. On the other hand

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the receiver 1 can be remote-controlled, allowing wide applicability of the

transmission system of the invention as discussed below.

(Emphasis added.) Clearly, there is sufficient disclosure in the above cited passages of the

limitation "independent of the signal transmitted through the information channel," as set forth

in claim 1.

As set forth in the abstract: "On the basis of the transmitted configuration parameters,

adjustments are implemented in the receiver (1), in particular relating to demodulating the signal

(S_{in}) transmitted through the information channel." On page 5, line 19 to page 6, line 1, the

specification further explains that:

It is highly significant in the present invention that the user of the hearing aid 100,

which is coupled to the receiver 1 of the invention, need not tune this aid to a

given channel, including a particular carrier frequency, or ascertain which signal

processing is required in order to receive and hear the desired audio signal,

because these steps are implemented by the receiver 1 which shall be configured

by the configuration parameters picked up by the receiving coil 15.

(Emphasis added.) Clearly, there is sufficient disclosure in the above cited passages of the

limitation "implementing adjustments in the receiver according to the configuration parameters

to enable demodulation of the signal transmitted through the information channel."

Claim 11 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph for lack of support for "means

for generating and transmitting configuration parameters for enabling demodulation of the signal,

and the configuration parameters being transmitted independent of the signal." For the same

reasons as explained above with regard to claim 1, there is sufficient disclosure in the

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specification (e.g., in the Abstract, on page 4, lines 4–11, and on page 5, lines 19–24) to support

these limitations.

Claim 14 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph for lack of support for "a

demodulator to generate demodulated signals based on configuration parameters." It is

respectfully submitted that the Examiner has taken this limitation somewhat out of context, since

the phrase "to generate demodulated signals based on configuration parameters" refers back to

the entire phrase: "the signals being received at an antenna connected through a filter-amplifier

unit and a consecutive mixer to a demodulator," not just to "a demodulator." As explained in

the specification, a signal (S_{IN)} is received at an antenna (A) is connected through a

filter/amplifier unit (2) and a mixer (3) to a demodulator (4) for demodulation. As set forth in

the specification with reference to Fig. 2, "The transceiver coil already discussed in relation to

Fig. 1 is denoted by 15 and receives the configuration parameters through the so-called separate

control channel. To tune this transceiving coil 15 operating as an antenna, a series capacitor 16

follows said coil and preferably shall be variable. The transceiver coil 15 and the capacitor 16

are connected to a transceiver 8 which in turn is connected to the adjustment unit 7." (Emphasis

added.) The adjustment unit (7) controls a synthesizer (6) which is connected to a second input

of the mixer (3). Thus, as set forth in the specification, configuration parameters received

by the adjustment unit (7) are used to control the output of the synthesizer (6), which is

mixed with the signal (S_{IN}) by the mixer (3) to facilitate the demodulation of the signal (S_{IN})

by the demodulator (4). This clearly supports the claim limitation "the signals being

received at an antenna connected through a filter-amplifier unit and a consecutive mixer

to a demodulator to generate demodulated signals based on configuration parameters, the

mixer being loaded with an output signal from a synthesizer which is controlled by a

control unit," as set forth in claim 14.

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Claims 11-13 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) over U.S. Patent No. 5,721,783 to

Anderson. For the following reasons, the rejection is respectfully traversed.

Regarding claim 11, Anderson does not teach "the signal being transmitted from one of

the at least one transmitters to the receiver;" and "means for generating and transmitting

configuration parameters...the configuration parameters being transmitted independent of the

signal," as required. As claimed, these limitations require two independent channels: one for

transmitting the signal and one for transmitting the configuration parameters independent of the

signal. Anderson does not teach a communication channel over which configuration parameters

are received. Therefore, since every limitation of the claim is not taught, claim 11 and its

dependent claims 12 and 13 are not anticipated by Anderson.

Claims 1, 3-4, 6-10 and 18-20 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) over Anderson in

view of U.S. Patent No. 5,710,819 to Topholm. For the following reasons, the rejection is

respectfully traversed.

Regarding claim 1, neither Anderson nor Topholm nor any combination thereof teaches

or suggests "transmitting configuration parameters through a control channel independent of the

signal transmitted through the information channel," as required. The Examiner acknowledges

that Anderson does not teach such a control channel for transmitting configuration parameters,

and thus Topholm is cited for teaching this limitation. Topholm teaches a control channel, but

does not disclose or suggest that it contains configuration parameters to configure the information

channel, as in claim 1. Thus, even if Anderson and Topholm were combined, the resulting

combination would still not teach or suggest using the control channel as claimed. Therefore,

since every limitation of the claim is not taught or suggested by the combination of references,

claim 1 and its dependent claims 3-4, 6-10 and 18-20 are patentable over the prior art of record.

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In light of the foregoing, it is respectfully submitted that the present application is in a

condition for allowance and notice to that effect is hereby requested. If it is determined that the

application is not in a condition for allowance, the Examiner is invited to initiate a telephone

interview with the undersigned attorney to expedite prosecution of the present application.

If there are any additional fees resulting from this communication, please charge same

to our Deposit Account No. 16-0820, our Order No. 32978.

Respectfully submitted,

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